

ATTACHMENT 2 (e)

Course Specifications

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

The National Commission for Academic Accreditation & Assessment

Course Specifications (CS)

APEC 217: Agribusiness

Prof. Khalid N.M. Al-rwis Instructor



Course Specifications

Institution		Date of Report 25/3/	2014			
	King Saud University					
College/Department : Food and agric	ultural sci	ences/ Agricultural Econom	ics			
A. Course Identification and General I	nformatio	on				
1. Course title and code:						
APEC 217: Agricultural Organization N	Managem	ent				
2. Credit hours						
3 Credits						
3. Program(s) in which the course is						
(If general elective available in many	programs	indicate this rather than list	t programs)			
Applied Economics	hla farrth					
4. Name of faculty member responsi Prof. Khalid N.M. Al-rwis	ble for the	ecourse				
5. Level/year at which this course is a	offered					
Level 5/Third year	Shered					
6. Pre-requisites for this course (if an	iy)					
Math 150 + APEC 205						
7. Co-requisites for this course (if any N/A	y)					
8. Location if not on main campus						
N/A						
9. Mode of Instruction (mark all that	apply)					
a. Traditional classroom	\checkmark	What percentage?	70%			
b. Blended (traditional and online)	\checkmark	What percentage?	30%			
c. e-learning		What percentage?				
d. Correspondence		What percentage?				
f. Other What percentage?						
Comments: The lectures and tutorials are conducted in smart rooms and computer lab, where the instructor utilizes some of the features of the smart board. In addition, the course has a website that carries course material including lecture notes, previous exams, and relevant links. Students can access such						

material; also students are referred to the web for some related activities.



B Objectives

1. What is the main purpose for this course?

Equip students with the basic knowledge of farm management, methods of planning, organization,

decision-making, and operation of the farm business.

2. Briefly describe any plans for developing and improving the course that are being implemented. (e.g. increased use of IT or web based reference material, changes in content as a result of new research in the field)

- The uses of computers and statistical packages in analysis and training.
- Use of information technology in exercises and practical applications.
- Update books, references, and infrastructures used.
- Trying different ways of teaching methods for more effectiveness.

C. Course Description (Note: General description in the form to be used for the Bulletin or handbook should be attached)

1. Topics to be Covered		
List of Topics		Contact Hours
	Weeks	
Introduction.	2	3
Entrance for the information of farm management		
 First: the concept of management science 		
 Second: the definition of farm management: 		
farm management science and other agricultural knowledge		
Farm management and the achievement of the objectives of the production units.		
 Third: Jobs of the farm management 		
 Fourth: Director and successful characteristics to him: 		
Personal qualities that should be the manager of a successful farm.		
 Fifth - the economic foundations for the information of farm management: 		
 Group I: Group of the economic foundations for the information of plant production: 		
 Group 2: Group of the economic foundations of the science of animal production: 		
 Group 3: Group of the economic foundations of agricultural mechanization: 		
Group 4: A set of economic foundations for the work and accounts:		



Farm management and decision-making.	1	3
 Types of planning decisions farm . 		
 The importance of administrative decisions and replication 		
I: The daily decisions:		
II: Decisions of the production cycle:		
III: long-term decisions:		
Administrative decisions		
I: the concept and definition of the administrative decision		
II: Classification of administrative decisions		
III: preparation of the resolution and take		
Administrative jobs.	1	3
 I: the concept of administrative functions: 		-
 II: The administrative functions of the device: 		
III: Regulating Administrative functions:		
 IIII: The measures of administrative work: 		
Schools of thought in management theory and organization	1	3
 School administrative Classic: 		5
A) Scientific Management Scientific Management:		
B) organizational management:		
C) bureaucracy (office):		
Human and social trend in the administration		
i. Humanitarian direction in the Department:		
ii. School social trend:		
 Modern experimental school "in the theory of organization and 		
management"		
The difficulties that faces the use of scientific method in the	1	3
management of farms		
• Topics may experience the farm managers		
Reports		
• Farm Records	1	3
Information required for records of farm		
Analysis of farm records		
 Assess the needs and possibilities for expansion and growth of farm: 		
Farm Planning	1	3
 Objectives of farm Planning 		
 Methods of farm planning 		
- Marginal Analysis		
- Farm Budgeting		
- Linear programming		
The optimum size of the farm	1	4
Increased investment to increase farm size		



Risk and uncertainty in agricultural production	1	4
 Sources of risk and uncertainty in agricultural production: 		
Production Risk		
Price risks		
Technical risk		
The impact of risk and uncertainty on agricultural production	1	4
Impact on farm income		
• Farm decision-making under conditions of risk and uncertainty		
• Components of the resolution under the conditions of farm risk and		
uncertainty		
Alternatives decisions Actions		
• Events		
Probabilities	1	4
Payoffs Matrix		
 Role of the farm under conditions of risk and uncertainty: 		
Counter the negative effects of Risk & Uncertainty		
 Direct policies to counter the risk and uncertainty: 		
 Indirect policies to counter the risk and uncertainty: 		
• Flexibility in ways of organizing management and production to meet		
the risk and uncertainty:		
Principles of crop management	1	4
 Principles of Soil and Irrigation management 		
 Project management of animal production. 		
Department of Dairy Cattle.		
 Raising sheep and cattle meat. 		
Poultry Production.		
Management of farm machinery		
Total	13	41 hours

2. Course components (total contact hours and credits per semester):						
	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Practical	Other:	Total
Contact Hours	26 hours	N/A	N/A	15 hours	N/A	41 hours
Credit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3 Credits

3. Additional private study/learning hours expected for students per week.

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4. Course Learning Outcomes in NQF Domains of Learning and Alignment with Assessment Methods and Teaching Strategy



Course Learning Outcomes, Assessment Methods, and Teaching Strategy work together and are aligned. They are joined together as one, coherent, unity that collectively articulate a consistent agreement between student learning, assessment, and teaching.

The **National Qualification Framework** provides five learning domains. Course learning outcomes are required. Normally a course has should not exceed eight learning outcomes which align with one or more of the five learning domains. Some courses have one or more program learning outcomes integrated into the course learning outcomes to demonstrate program learning outcome alignment. The program learning outcome matrix map identifies which program learning outcomes are incorporated into specific courses.

On the table below are the five NQF Learning Domains, numbered in the left column.

First, insert the suitable and measurable course learning outcomes required in the appropriate learning domains (see suggestions below the table). **Second**, insert supporting teaching strategies that fit and align with the assessment methods and intended learning outcomes. **Third**, insert appropriate assessment methods that accurately measure and evaluate the learning outcome. Each course learning outcomes, assessment method, and teaching strategy ought to reasonably fit and flow together as an integrated learning and teaching process. **Fourth**, if any program learning outcomes are included in the course learning outcomes, place the @ symbol next to it.

	NQF Learning Domains And Course Learning Outcomes	Course Teaching Strategies	Course Assessment Methods
1.0	Knowledge		
1.1	Outline steps of the design and implementation of decisions regarding farm organization and operation for the utmost objective of realizing maximum production and profit.	- Lectures. - Tutorials.	 Class work including short quizzes (10%) Student's participation, homework, and class work evaluation (10%) Two midterm tests (20% each) - Final examination (40%).
1.2	Recall and integrate information from the biological, physical, and social sciences for better farm management practices.	- Lectures. - Tutorials.	 Intra-term tests (2 – 3). Weekly homework - Assignments. Participation (monitored weekly and based on discussions).
2.0	Cognitive Skills		
2.1	- Develop skill in problem solving, critical thinking, team work, communication,	 Lectures. Tutorials. 	 Individual home work Group and individual

Every course is not required to include learning outcomes from each domain.





2.2	 and computer spreadsheet. Analyze the different interrelated topics of farm management and agricultural economics. 	- Lectures. - Tutorials.	assignments - Tests and exams - Intra-term tests (2 – 3). - Weekly homework and - Assignments.
3.0	Interpersonal Skills & Responsibility		
3.1	 Demonstrate interpersonal abilities and capacity to carry development responsibilities. 	Tutorials	Assignments
3.2	 Show abilities to think critically, present own-ideas and points of view, and justify decisions. 	 Tutorial critical thinking questions Perform a collaborative projects 	 Quizzes and exams Grading homework assignments
4.0	Communication, Information Technology, Nu	ımerical	
4.1	 Demonstrate self-confidence in presentation of in-class duties. 	 Tutorials Report writing reports and presentation 	- Presentation
4.2	 Interpret and manage data and information, and illustrate outcomes while working as part of a team, or independently. 	- Lectures. - Tutorials.	 Intra-term tests (2 – 3). Weekly homework Assignments.
5.0	Psychomotor		
5.1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
5.2			

Suggested Guidelines for Learning Outcome Verb, Assessment, and Teaching

NQF Learning Domains	Suggested Verbs			
	list, name, record, define, label, outline, state, describe, recall,			
Knowledge	memorize, reproduce, recognize, record, tell, write			
	estimate, explain, summarize, write, compare, contrast, diagram,			
	subdivide, differentiate, criticize, calculate, analyze, compose, develop,			
Cognitive Skills	create, prepare, reconstruct, reorganize, summarize, explain, predict,			
	justify, rate, evaluate, plan, design, measure, judge, justify, interpret,			
	appraise			
Interpersonal Skills & Responsibility	demonstrate, judge, choose, illustrate, modify, show, use, appraise,			
	evaluate, justify, analyze, question, and write			
Communication, Information	demonstrate, calculate, illustrate, interpret, research, question, operate,			
Technology, Numerical	appraise, evaluate, assess, and criticize			
	demonstrate, show, illustrate, perform, dramatize, employ, manipulate,			
Psychomotor	operate, prepare, produce, draw, diagram, examine, construct,			





assemble, experiment, and reconstruct						
Suggested <u>v</u>	erbs not to use	when writing me	asurable and as	sessable lea	rning outcomes	are as follows:
Consider Maintain	Maximize Reflect	Continue Examine	Review Strengthen	Ensure Explore	Enlarge Encourage	Understand Deepen
MaintainReflectExamineStrengthenExploreEncourageDeepenSome of these verbs can be used if tied to specific actions or quantification.Suggested assessment methods and teaching strategies are:According to research and best practices, multiple and continuous assessment methods are required to verify studentlearning. Current trends incorporate a wide range of rubric assessment tools; including web-based studentperformance systems that apply rubrics, benchmarks, KPIs, and analysis. Rubrics are especially helpful forqualitative evaluation. Differentiated assessment strategies include: exams, portfolios, long and short essays, logbooks, analytical reports, individual and group presentations, posters, journals, case studies, lab manuals, videoanalysis, group reports, lab reports, debates, speeches, learning logs, peer evaluations, self-evaluations, videos, graphs, dramatic performances, tables, demonstrations, graphic organizers, discussion forums, interviews, learning contracts, antidotal notes, artwork, KWL charts, and concept mapping.						

Differentiated teaching strategies should be selected to align with the curriculum taught, the needs of students, and the intended learning outcomes. Teaching methods include: lecture, debate, small group work, whole group and small group discussion, research activities, lab demonstrations, projects, debates, role playing, case studies, guest speakers, memorization, humor, individual presentation, brainstorming, and a wide variety of hands-on student learning activities.

5. Sc	5. Schedule of Assessment Tasks for Students During the Semester					
	Assessment task (e.g. essay, test, group project, examination, speech,	Week Due	Proportion of Total			
	oral presentation, etc.)		Assessment			
1	Homework	Week 1-13	20%			
2	Exam 1	Week 5	20%			
3	Exam 2	Week 10	20%			
4	Final Exam	Week 14	40%			
5		Total	100%			



D. Student Academic Counseling and Support

1. Arrangements for availability of faculty and teaching staff for individual student consultations and academic advice. (include amount of time teaching staff are expected to be available each week)

- Students can approach during the office hours for the faculty member to ask questions to clarify some points missed during the lecture.
- Students can communicate with the teaching staff through the website and ask questions related to all aspects of the lesson. The students will get written answers as soon as possible, The teaching staff are available during all the day in the faculty and are ready to clarify any points related to the course.
- The teaching staff are available during all the day, where they are ready to clarify any points related to the course.

Office No. Tel: 4678507 E-mail: knahar@ksu.edu.sa Office hour: Tus: 9:30-12:30

E. Learning Resources

1.	List Required Textbooks
•	Boehlje M. & V. Eidman: <u>Farm Management</u> , Iowa State, U.S.A., 1984.
•	Calkins, P. H & D.D. Dipietre: Farm Business Management N.Y. 1983
•	Kay, Edwards, and Duffy <u>Farm Management</u> , CREATE, Robert Stark-UAM Agriculture, 2012, 7th
	Edition, McGraw-Hill, Inc. ISBN 9781121563148.
2. List	Essential References Materials (Journals, Reports, etc.)
N/A	
2.	List Recommended Textbooks and Reference Material (Journals, Reports, etc)
•	Arhoma, Ali & Fisal Shaloof. Farm management Principles. Omer Almokhtar University. 1998
•	Yaseen, Mahmood. Farm management. Damascus University. 1991-1992
4. List	Electronic Materials (eg. Web Sites, Social Media, Blackboard, etc.)
N/A	
5. Oth	er learning material such as computer-based programs/CD, professional standards or regulations
	ftware.
	- LP program
	- E views
	- Excel

Deap



F. Facilities Required

Indicate requirements for the course including size of classrooms and laboratories (i.e. number of seats in classrooms and laboratories, extent of computer access etc.)

1. Accommodation (Classrooms, laboratories, demonstration rooms/labs, etc.)

Classrooms (20 – 30 seats) and equipped with educational media

2. Computing resources (AV, data show, Smart Board, software, etc.)

- Labs equipped with computers, data show and internet.
 - Computer and microphone, video cameras linked to TV circuits
 - SPSS Statistical package

3. Other resources (specify, e.g. if specific laboratory equipment is required, list requirements or attach list)

N/A

G Course Evaluation and Improvement Processes

1 Strategies for Obtaining Student Feedback on Effectiveness of Teaching

- Student evaluation survey, which is done at the end of each semester
- Performance appraisal form filled up by each student to show level of fulfillment
- Direct investigation with students to detect points of strength and shortcomings.

2 Other Strategies for Evaluation of Teaching by the Program/Department Instructor

- A statistical regular review and analysis of the students' achievement in the department.

3 Processes for Improvement of Teaching

- Participation in training, workshops, and conferences related to university teaching.
- Form committees to follow up progress and work on improvement.
- Provide the teaching staff members with all the references and electronic resources.
- Updating through more reading books and articles related to the course.

4. Processes for Verifying Standards of Student Achievement (e.g. check marking by an independent member teaching staff of a sample of student work, periodic exchange and remarking of tests or a sample of assignments with staff at another institution)

- Currently there is no such process in place.

5 Describe the planning arrangements for periodically reviewing course effectiveness and planning for improvement.

- Student's feedback on the quality of the course.
- Consulting other faculty members or collaborators in overseas universities for their views on the method of quality of improvement.
- Check other universities web sites to compare and improve the lectures and syllabus.
- Form a specialized committee from the department to review the progress of teaching and update the resources.



 Consult distinguished students and discuss with them positive and negative points in lectures.

Faculty or Teaching Staff: Prof. Khalid Alrwis

Signature:	Date Report Completed: 25/3/2014
Received by:	Dean/Department Head

Signature:	Date:	
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